The Arts Centre is an old building which was not originally built as an arts centre. You can watch a play or a film,

go to the café and take part in lots of activities, some of them in the Georgian ballroom.

TOWN TRAIL

CHILDREN'S

STAMFORD

for children.

chosen by children

15 must see places

St Mary's Church stands up high over the town with its tall spire, surrounded by Georgian buildings, and dates back nearly 900 years.



The Town Hall, built in 1778, is used as council offices and was the magistrates'

10

Barn Hill is a picturesque cobbled

street and includes Barn Hill House, Stamford's largest house. Stukeley House, at number 9, is rumoured to stand on the ground where Charles I spent his last night before capture by the Roundheads



Red Lion Square

places in Stamford and is in the

year old Guildhall at building

centre of the town. There is a 600

numbers 6 & 7. A new sundial has

been put up on the south wall of

is one of the oldest market

Stamford chosen by children for children. a town trail like no other - 15 must-see places in worked with Stamford Civic Society to produce Children from Stamford's primary schools have

to tell. historic buildings large and small, all with a story Stamford is an ancient town. Its streets are full of

to accompany their choices. the information and contributed their own illustrations will interest others of their age. They have researched The children have chosen locations that they think

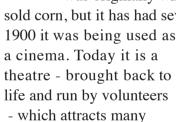
We hope you enjoy it. help you locate the 15 special places. London, has provided a fine map and drawings to Karen Neale, a watercolour artist of Stamford and

Paul Eastwood. The Heritage Lottery Fund. Stamford & District Kiwanis. St Gilbert's C of E Primary School. partnership with Stamford Civic Society. Malcolm Sargent Primary School in the making of Stamford Children's Town Trail: We would like to thank all who have contributed to





www.stamfordcivicsociety.org.uk



different acts and shows.

home of Discover

Stamford, which looks

back on the history of

the town. There you

14

The Library



The Corn Exchange, opened in 1859, 13 was originally where people bought and sold corn, but it has had several different uses. By

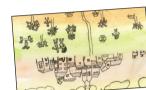
Daniel Lambert's Grave.

Daniel Lambert was born in Leicester

9

Martin's Churchyard. in the graveyard behind St men to lower it into his grave wheels and needed nearly 20 1809. His coffin was built on Stamford to watch the races in ot fisiv a gning a visit to on 13 March 1770 and died

meadows, this is where the River Welland The Meadows. Once called the water



the Iceni tribe, pursued the Queen Boudicca, Queen of spot where it was said that distance upstream you can town meadows. A short

Roman legions over the River Welland.

remains of the Norman castle and is The Castle Walls. This is all that



and bailey fortification. 1068 as a standard motte castle was built around Hall. The first wooden probably part of the Great

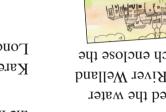
The Queen Eleanor Cross.

to be buried in London. Edward had crosses built died near Lincoln in 1290 and her body was taken Queen Eleanor, married to King Edward I,



seorO' lanigiro adT.brotmatS One of the resting places was night on the way to London. where her body rested over-

has gone and this is a modern recreation.



splits into two separate channels which enclose the

court. You can book a tour around the building and



see the 'dungeons'. There is also an exhibition of items belonging to the famous conductor, Sir Malcolm Sargent, who was brought up in Stamford.

The George Hotel 'Gallows'.

One of the ancient hotel's interesting details is the historic 'gallows' which were built across the road in the 18th century to welcome travellers and as a warning to highwaymen. It is said that the 'gallows' were never used.

The Recreation Ground was created in 1871 from what used to be

open fields outside the town's walls. There is a play area, bandstand and hopefully there will be a new skatepark soon.





in 1646.

11

Browne's Hospital was founded

as an almshouse for 12 poor people in 1475 by a rich wool merchant, William Browne. It is open some summer weekends

when you can see where the people lived, with some of the original furnishings.



will find the 6m. long Stamford Tapestry, designed by local people, which took 17 years to make and recreates Stamford's history in wool.

- once the site of a market hall - is the

Digby House was built in 15 medieval times and the main part of the house now probably dates back to the early 16th century. There is a large coat of arms of the Digby family on the base of a first floor window. It was rumoured that a Digby ancestor was one of the people involved in the infamous Gunpowder Plot, an attempt on the life of King James I of England in 1605.

